

What to do today

IMPORTANT Parent or Carer – Read this page with your child and check that you are happy with what they have to do and any weblinks or use of internet.

1. Watch and think about a speech

- Watch this clip explaining about a famous speech:
<https://www.bbc.co.uk/programmes/p00wwkvn>
- Had you ever heard of the ‘I have a dream’ speech. Where did you hear about it?
- Now watch this second clip about the language in the speech. Make notes on *Language Features* about what you learn.
<https://www.bbc.co.uk/programmes/p00wwq4t>

2. Read other famous speeches

- Read *Two Famous Speeches* and answer the questions.
- Challenge yourself to read one of the speeches in the next set: *Three Famous Speeches* and to answer the questions on that speech as well.

3. Practise reading a speech out loud.

- Pick one of the speeches and practise reading it out loud. Practise until your words flow and you are able to speak really expressively.

Well done! Share read the speech that you have chosen to a grown-up. You can check your answers to the questions too at the back of this pack.

Try the Fun-Time Extra

- Watch and listen to some of the speeches. Are they as you expected?
John F Kennedy - https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=5_K8PGvZ5_Y
Barack Obama - <https://www.c-span.org/video/?c4504854/barack-obama-victory-speech> This is a longer section from Obama’s victory speech so listen from about 2.28 to about 3.46 for the section transcribed in the resources.
Winston Churchill - <https://winstonchurchill.org/resources/speeches/1940-the-finest-hour/we-shall-never-surrender/> This is a recording of the full speech, listen from around 10.42 onwards for the section transcribed in these resources.

Language Features

<https://www.bbc.co.uk/programmes/p00wwq4t>

Watch the clip and make notes here.

Two Famous Speeches

**John F. Kennedy - *The Decision to go the Moon 1961*
(President of USA in 1960s)**



We choose to go to the moon. We choose to go to the moon in this decade and do the other things, not because they are easy, but because they are hard, because that goal will serve to organise and measure the best of our energies and skills, because that challenge is one that we are willing to accept, one we are unwilling to postpone, and one which we intend to win, and the others, too.

1. What is Kennedy explaining?
2. Why do you think he repeats the phrase "We choose to go to the moon"?

...not because they are easy, but because they are hard...

3. Does this reason surprise you?
Why do you think he uses contrasts such as *easy* and *hard* in his speech?

**Barack Obama - *Victory speech 2008*
(President of USA 2009-2017)**

The road ahead will be long. Our climb will be steep. We may not get there in one year or even in one term, but America - I have never been more hopeful than I am tonight that we will get there. I promise you - we as a people will get there.

There will be setbacks and false starts. There are many who won't agree with every decision or policy I make as president, and we know that government can't solve every problem. But I will always be honest with you about the challenges we face. I will listen to you, especially when we disagree.



And above all, I will ask you to join in the work of remaking this nation the only way it's been done in America for 221 years - block by block, brick by brick, calloused hand by calloused hand.

4. Who is Obama talking to?

The road ahead will be long. Our climb will be steep.

5. Is he really talking about an actual road? What is he describing with this image?

...block by block, brick by brick...

6. What affect does this alliteration (repeating the beginning sound) have and why does he use it?

7. **Both speakers** say things *will* happen rather than *might* or *may* happen.

Why do they use this modal verb in their speech?

8. Which speech do you think is most persuasive? Explain why, giving examples.