Investigation Multiples and factors

2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9

- Choose two of these numbers. Find and write down numbers which are a common multiple of them both.
 e.g. Choose 4 and 5. 20, 40, 60, 80 and 100 are all multiples of 4 and 5.
- 20 is the lowest common multiple of 4 and 5.
- Repeat, each time choosing a different pair of numbers.
- Score 1 point for each common multiple that you can find. How quickly can you score 50 points?

Tara said that to find the *lowest* common multiple of *any* pair of numbers you can multiply the two numbers. Is she correct?
Use some of your own answers to explain this.

%

Λ

لى

٠١٠

Z'

11

٠/٠

٠.

%

%

m²

Λ

٠١٠

ፉ

11

Dylan said that once he has found a common multiple of two numbers, he can double the number and he will have another common multiple!

Is he correct?

Use some of your own answers to explain this.

٠١٠

3

×

%

%

*

٠١٠

٠ŀ٠

3

%

Challenge

- Choose two of the numbers; use them to make a pair of two 2-digit numbers. e.g. Choose 2 and 7 and make 27 and 72.
- Find the factors of each number:

27: 1, 3, 9 and 27 (4 factors).

72: 1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 8, 9, 12, 18, 24, 36 and 72 (12 factors).

- Choose further numbers and repeat.
- Does the larger number of the pair always have the most factors?

© Hamilton Trust. Explore more Hamilton Trust Learning Materials at https://wrht.org.uk/hamilton

+ ? = x cm3 ½ ÷ £ ½ > m² + % < % - cm ? + ÷ ½